ITEM #33B REINSURANCE ARRANGEMENTS

Checklist for Proportional Treaty Contract Clauses

CEDING COMPANY: _____

	REINSURE	ER:			
	TYF	PE:			
	EFFECTIVE DAT	ΓE:			
	EXPIRATION DAT	ΓE:			
inclu need	Following are standard clauses for proportional reinsurance contraded, depending on the particular need or purpose of the reinsurant to be in the same order as presented in this checklist. The application of the same order as presented in this checklist.	nce arrangement	t. The clauses do	not necessarily	
			(Department Use Only)		
		Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	
		Contract	Compliance		
		References	Yes/No	Comments	
1.	Preamble Identifies the type and names the parties in the contract and their Locations				
	Note: Indicate affiliation and relationship of the parties by ownership.				
2.	Commencement and Termination Defines the normal term of the contract and cancellation circumstances. It also establishes the term, specifying the date and time of coverage and termination.				
3.	Business Covered Indicates the percentage cession. It also establishes the basis of the attachment and provides a concise description of the business covered.				
	Note: The ceding company must retain at least 10% of the risks that it un	nderwrites. 100% ce	ession is not acceptab	ole.	
4.	Original Conditions Establishes that liability is ceded to the reinsurer on exactly the same basis assumed by the ceding company.				
5.	Premium and Commission Defines that premium is to be ceded and the commission paid.				
	Note: The department's policy regarding commission on affiliated transactions is "at cost reimbursement only"				

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			(Department Use Only)	
		Column 1 Contract References	Column 2 Compliance Yes/No	Column 3 Comments
6.	Definitions			
	This clause makes it easy to locate the definitions in the contract.			
7.	Territory Establishes the geographical area within which risks must be located to be covered.			
8.	<u>Taxes</u> Clarifies which party is responsible for paying Federal Excise Taxes and Premium Taxes.			
9.	<u>Currency</u> Establishes the currency to be used and the basis for conversion to U.S. dollars, if necessary.			
10.	Exclusions Specifies what are NOT covered under the subject contract.			
11.	Access to Records Gives the reinsurer the contractual right to inspect all of the ceding Company's records that pertain to the coverage provided by the contract.			
12.	Reports and Remittances Provides for the accurate and timely reporting and payment of business ceded. A specific timing should be provided. Reporting and settlement should be made on a quarterly basis or earlier. If quarterly, reporting and settlement should be made within 45 days after the quarter.			
13.	Cash Call Enables the ceding company to obtain immediate funds from the r reinsurer when it has to pay a large claim.			
	Note: This is optional.			
14.	Errors and Omissions Provides coverage in spite of an error which is inadvertently made and corrected right away by the contracting parties.			
15.	Offset Allows the ceding company or the reinsurer to offset balances due from one party to the other.			
16.	Arbitration Provides for dispute settlement by arbitration rather than by civil action in a state or federal court. If present in the contract, a specific timing for the arbitration procedure should be provided.			

Contract Compliance References Yes/No Comm 17. Insolvency Clarifies that the reinsurers are obligated to reimburse the ceding company without diminution, even though the ceding company may not be able to pay its claimants in full. 18. Unauthorized Reinsurance Establishes the responsibility of non-admitted reinsurer(s) to provide acceptable securities to the ceding company in order for the company to qualify for reinsurance credit in the statement. Note: The Letter of Credit must meet the requirements of Bulletin 90-3 and the Trust Agreement must meet the requirements of the California Model Trust Agreement.	Only)
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20. Intermediary Recognizes the intermediary, when one is used, and fixes the credit risk in the event of insolvency of the intermediary. This article should provide that "Payments by the company to the intermediary shall be deemed to constitute payment to the reinsurer. Payments by the reinsurer to the intermediary shall be deemed to constitute payment to the company only to the extent that such payments are actually received by the company."	
Note: Intermediary must meet the requirements of CIC Chapter 6.5.	
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